government brought in privatization, commercialization Obasanjo
provides to the general public what we call social responsibility Business
Ais not just made in a day and finds its way to the store. product
are necessities of life. Needs
are things you wish you could have. Wants
are those features or conditions that can increase the cause of loss. Hazards
venture will not survive if it fails to contribute to the needs of the society in which it is located. Business
Business need to scan the environment very well and take advantage of the areas that has $__$. advantage
is the value that products and sellers place on goods or services.
is a book in which particulars of all monies received or paid are recorded. Cash account
refers to the magnitude of such outcome when it occurs. Severity
is pooling of risk together for the benefit of those who agree to do so. Insurance
provides goods and services to you. Business
risks are risks, which hold the possibility of a loss or a no loss situation. Pure
risk on the other hand is the type of risk that has three possibilities.

Speculative

2. $\underline{}$ (2005) dentify and agreed upon at the time of the sale. Kurfi
3. $_$ factors are those factors you can manipulate to your advantage. Micro
4helps in job creations and produces goods and services. Business
5. $\underline{}$ companies are owned and often managed by the same individuals Private
6 must be attractive. Packaging
7. The success of the is usually bond up with their personnel performances. organisation
9. $_$ environment economy and technology has a serious effect on business Natural
Management needs information for long and short range planning and for major decisions. specialized
consists of a number of firms. Industry
A sole trader is owned by how many people? Single
$\underline{}$ represents on array of various benefit attributes characteristics or satisfaction. product
between a seller and a buyer may be breached. Contract
The frequently mentioned responsibilitity include all excepts government initiative?
Which ONE of the following is NOT a characteristics of a business. Credit facilities
$\underline{}$ under seal is a written form of contract that is signed and sealed by both parties. Contract
Goods can be sold under some special common law
2. Every functional manager is limited by Scope
A bare promise is not legally

-			- 1			
b	П	n	М	٦	n	α
\sim	_	тт	u	_	ΤТ	ч

- 4. means something looking or resembling something. Quasi
- 5. $_(2005)$ define consideration as the price for which the promise is bought. Kurfi
- 6. Social obligation is owed by _____ individuals
- 7. $_$ under seal is a written form of contract that is signed and sealed by both parties. Contract
- 8. Managers are responsible fof all the above except... Receiving visitors $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$
- 9. Which ONE of the following is NOT an objective of a business.... Satisfaction ${\sf Satisfaction}$
- 10. __ are things you wish you could have for instance you wishto have a jeep car, a job in NNPC, to be a governor.
 Wants
- 1) ____ contract is an informal contract.
- a) Simple
- 2) The four ingredients of marketing mix is called four __.
- c) Ps
- 3) Managers are responsible fof all the above except
- d) Receiving visitors
- 4)A bare promise is not legally ___.
 *binding
- 5) are always referred to as kings in business.
- b) Customers
- 6) What does your needs and wants translate into?
- C) Goods and Services
- 7) ___ contract is an informal contract. *Simple
- 8) Which ONE of the following is NOT an activity that is been performed by a business.
- a) Confisticating
- 9) Who amaong the following benefits from a business? *All of the above
- 10) are things you wish you could have for instance you wishto have a jeep car, a job in NNPC, to be a governor.
 b) Wants

are always refered to as kings in business. Customers

consists of a number of firms. Industry

are necessities of life that you cannot do without them; they\ninclude food, shelter and clothing.

Needs

refers to the sale, transfer or exchange of goods and \nservices and constitute the central activity armed with the auxiliary \nfunction. Trade

are things you wish you could have for instance you wish nto have a jeep car, a job in NNPC, to be a governor. Wants

Which ONE of the following is NOT an activity that is been performed by a business.
Confisticating

Which ONE of the following is NOT a characteristics of a business. Credit facilities

Who amaong the following benefits from a business? All of the above

is an economic unit, entity or organization. Business firm

information

surrounding

Communication processes are sign-mediation two agents which share a repertoire of rules	
of signals, such as voice gestures or written symbols which communication	e sounds, intonations or pitch, unicate thoughts or feelings.
There are three major parts in human fabody language, voice tonality, and words	
Between parties, communication includes experiences, give advice andcommands	
In a simple model, or o	content is sent in some from an

The situation in which your message is delivered is the context, this may

emisor/ sender/ encoder to a destination/ receiver/ decoder.

include the _____ environment or broader culture.

Encoding is the process of transferring the information you want to communicate into a form that can be sent and correctly at the other end. decoded
As the planning of the, you need to be clear about why you're communicating, and what you want to communicate. message
Problems with communication can at every stage of the communication process. pop-up
$\underline{}$ is a process of transferring information from one entity to another. communication
Communication processes are sign-mediated interactions between at least two agents which share a repertoire of signs and seniotic rules
of signals, such as voice sounds, intonations or pitch, gestures or written symbols which communicate thoughts or feelings. communication
There are three major parts in human face to face communication which are body language, voice tonality, and $___$. words
Between parties, communication includes acts that confer knowledge and experiences, give advice and and ask questions. commands
In a simple model, or content is sent in some from an emisor/ sender/ encoder to a destination/ receiver/ decoder. information
The situation in which your message is delivered is the context, this may include the environment or broader culture. surrounding
Encoding is the process of transferring the information you want to communicate into a form that can be sent and correctly at the other end. decoded
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is a process of transferring information from one entity to another.
communication

Every functional manager is limited by Scope

What does your needs and wants translate into? Goods and Services

For resources to be able to meet your needs, it must have an ttribute known as Value

In making your right choices for goods and services you must attach 2 factors which are Value and Goods

You resources are enough to attend to all your probles $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Maybe}}$

A sole trader is owned by how many people? Single

The following are types of businesses except Magnifiers

Authority that flows from higher levels to lower levels is known as Chain of Authority

Authority and responsibility is the right to command _____

Managers are responsible fof all the above except $\operatorname{Receiving}$ visitors

____ can be defined as an organization in which the jobs or functions to be carried out are clearly defined in order to achieve the target. Administrative organization

Which ONE of the following is NOT a source of funds of a sole trader. Hijacking a bank

Which ONE of the following is a source of fund for partnership. All of the above

____ take active part in the management of the business and are generally liable to any loss or risk.
Ordinary partnership

____ partner contributes only the money needed for formation of the business or for running of the business.

Dormant partner

Which ONE of the following does NOT include a deed of partnership. Name of debtors ${\sf NOT}$

____ is one who is not actually a partner but who allows his name to be used in the partnership or who gives the public the impression that he is a partner even though he may not share in the profit of the business. Normal partner

____ is an individual who is known to the public as a partner but who does not take active part in the management of the firm.

Silent partner debts are restricted to the amount of money contributed in running the business. Limited partner is an association of 2-20 persons or 2-10 persons as in case of a bank to carry on as co-owners of business for profit. Partnership Which ONE of the following is a disadvantage of a partnership. Advancement Which ONE of the following is an advantage of a partnrship. All of the above is an economic unit, entity or organization. Business firm Which ONE of the following is a feature of a sole trader. All of the above business is the oldest type of business in Nigeria. Sole trader Which ONE of the following is an advantage of a sole trader. All of the above studied on how to improve productivity of workers in Midvale Steel Company in Philadelphia. Fredrick Taylor is the type of organization that you have direct authority over your respective subordinates through chain of command. Line organization Which ONE of the following is NOT a disadvantage of a sole trader. Requires small capital Which ONE of the following did not lead to a rapid industrial revolution Advancement invented the first mechanical calculator. Charles Babbage can be defined as an organization in which the jobs or functions to be carried out are clearly defined in order to achieve the target. Administrative organization Which ONE of the following is NOT a source of funds of a sole trader. Hijacking a bank Which ONE of the following is NOT an objective of a business. Satisfaction are always refered to as kings in business. Customers consists of a number of firms. Industry

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Who amaong the following benefits from a business? All of the above
is an economic unit, entity or organization. Business firm
If an offer is made, a reply to it is refer to as Acceptance
contract is an informal contract. Simple
between a seller and a buyer may be breached. Contract
Goods can be sold under some special common
The of sales has it legal implication for you as a buyer and the seller. Business
Once you agree to sell and buy you are legally Bonded
A bare promise is not legally Binding
$\underline{}$ under seal is a written form of contract that is signed and sealed by both parties. Contract
$\underline{}$ (2005) define consideration as the price for which the promise is bought. Kurfi
means something looking or resembling something.

	unde both par	$\ensuremath{\mathbf{r}}$ seal is a written form of contract that is signed and sealed ties.
	>>	Contract
		Simple
		Privy
		none on the list
2.	co	ntract is an informal contract.
		Functional
	>>	Simple
		Privy
		none on the list
3.	Once you	agree to sell and buy you are legally
	>>	bonded
		freed
		invoved
		none on the list
4.	A bare p	romise is not legally
	>>	binding
		agreed
		confirmed
		notice
5.	Goods ca	n be sold under some special common
		notice
		guidline
	>>	law
		label
6.	bet	ween a seller and a buyer may be breached.
	>>	Contract
		Agreement

none on the list 7. The $___$ of sales has it legal implication for you as a buyer and the seller. marketing service production --->> business 8. If an offer is made, a reply to it is refer to as ____. sealed signed agreement --->> acceptance 9. ___(2005) define consideration as the price for which the promise is bought. --->> Kurfi Lewins kurt none on the list 10. ____ means something looking or resembling something. Method --->> Quasi picture Methodology 1. Anyone who can sell goods to another person with the consent of the original owner is known as: --->> An Agent A Contractor A Sellee A Seller

Bond

2. Every law abiding citizen must:

```
Sing the anthem
     --->> Pay Tax
           Have a Flag
           Recite the Pledge
3. The adage
           Sole Proprietorship
           Limited Liability
     --->> Parnership
           Public Company
4. Business activities does not neccesarily involve risks
           TRUE '
     --->> FALSE'
           Maybe
           Somehow
5. Factors in business that man can easily control are called;
     --->> Micro Factors
           Maxis Factors
           Migre Factors
           Manual Factors
6. The most important decision to buy or not to buy is the sole
responsibility of:
     --->> Consumer
           Producer
           Distributor
           Competitor
7. Process of communication involves all the above except:
           Action
           Reaction
           Interaction
     --->> Motion
8. When one party fails to honour the terms of a contract, it is called:
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```
Bleach
           Beach
           Branch
     --->> Breach
9. What are the man activities of business according to Brown et'al
           Research and Learning
     --->> Producing and Distributing
           Projecting and Forecasting
           Smuggling and Hoarding
10. Intermediaries that receive large shipments of products from
different producers are called:
     --->> Wholesalers
           Retailers
           Agents
           Intermediaries
1. Partnership is guided by an agreement document known as:
           Creed
           Weed
           Seed
     --->> Deed
2. What you can use to obtain your need is called:
           Loan
     --->> Resources
           Draft
           Lottery
3. All the following are the classifications of contract except:
           Implied Contract
           Bilateral Contract
     --->> MushroomContract
           Joint Contract
```

```
4. Membership of private compay is between
     --->> 2 to 50 People
           6 to 60 People
           1 to 111 People
           None of the above
5. Needs that can be physically weighted or measured are known as
     --->> Goods
           Services
           Pleasure
           Wishes
6. Tasks that people or machines perform are known as
           Switch
           Services
     --->> Services
           Slime
7. Social responsibility include all the following except:
           Giving Schorlarship
     --->> Paying Salaries
           Building Schools
           Building Hospitals
8. Your value may differ from product to product, what determines your
choice of product?
           Colour
           Vision
     --->> Goal
           Dreams
9. Accounting data shows futuristic view of business
           Maybe
           TRUE '
           Somehow
```

--->> FALSE'

10. Unethical business practices are all the above except:

Dishonesty

Smuggling

--->> Exporting

Hoarding